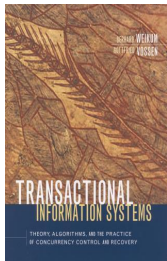


Transactional Information Systems:

Theory, Algorithms, and the Practice of Concurrency Control and Recovery

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“Teamwork is essential. It allows you to blame someone else.”(Anonymous)

Part I: Background and Motivation

- 1 What Is It All About?
- 2 Computational Models

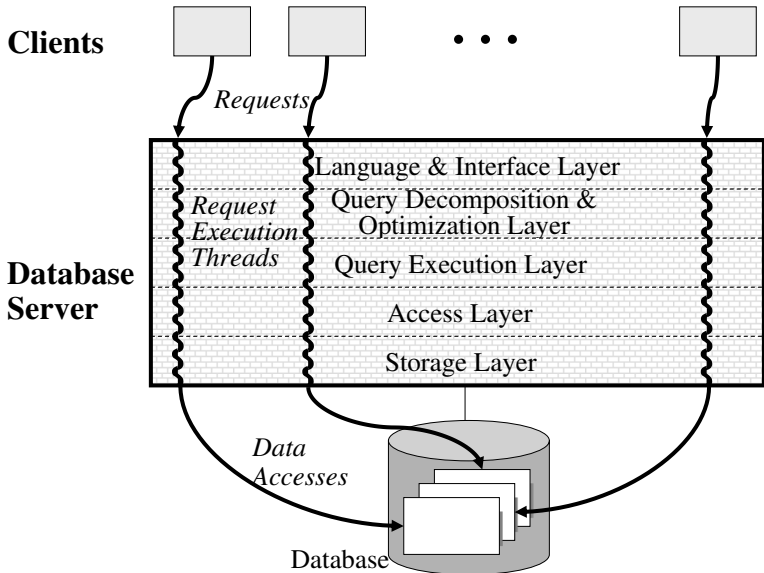
Chapter 2: Computational Models

- **2.2 Ingredients**

- 2.3 Page Model
- 2.4 Object Model
- 2.5 Roadmap
- 2.6 Lessons Learned

*“Between theory and practice, some talk as they were two.
Between theory and practice, both can be gained.”
(Bhagavad-gita 5:4)*

Reminder: Database System Layers



Ingredients

- Elementary operations
- Transactions (i.e., transaction program executions)
- Histories and schedules
- Characterization of correct schedules
- Protocols (i.e., rules for online algorithms)

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Page Model

“Syntax”:

Definition 2.2 (Page Model Transaction):

A **transaction** t is a partial order of steps (actions) of the form $r(x)$ or $w(x)$, where $x \in D$ and reads and writes as well as multiple writes applied to the same object are ordered.

We write $t = (op, <)$

for transaction t with step set op and partial order $<$.

Example: $r(s) w(s) r(t) w(t)$

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“Semantics”:

Interpretation of j^{th} step, p_j , of t :

If $p_j=r(x)$, then interpretation is assignment $v_j := x$ to local variable v_j

If $p_j=w(x)$ then interpretation is assignment $x := f_j(v_{j_1}, \dots, v_{j_k})$.

with unknown function f_j and j_1, \dots, j_k denoting t 's prior read steps.

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Object Model

Definition 2.3 (Object Model Transaction):

A **transaction** t is a (finite) tree of labeled nodes with

- the transaction identifier as the label of the root node,
- the names and parameters of invoked operations as labels of inner nodes, and
- page-model read/write operations as labels of leaf nodes, along with a partial order $<$ on the leaf nodes such that for all leaf-node operations p and q with p of the form $w(x)$ and q of the form $r(x)$ or $w(x)$ or vice versa, we have $p < q \vee q < p$

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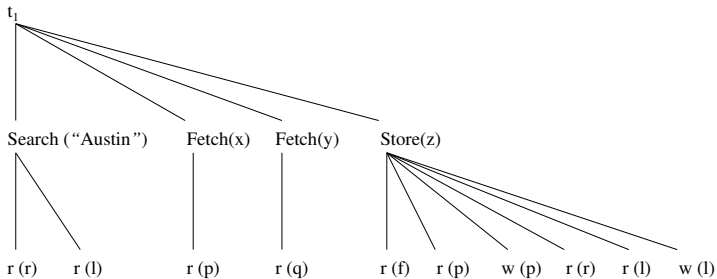
Special case: layered transactions

(all leaves have same distance from root)

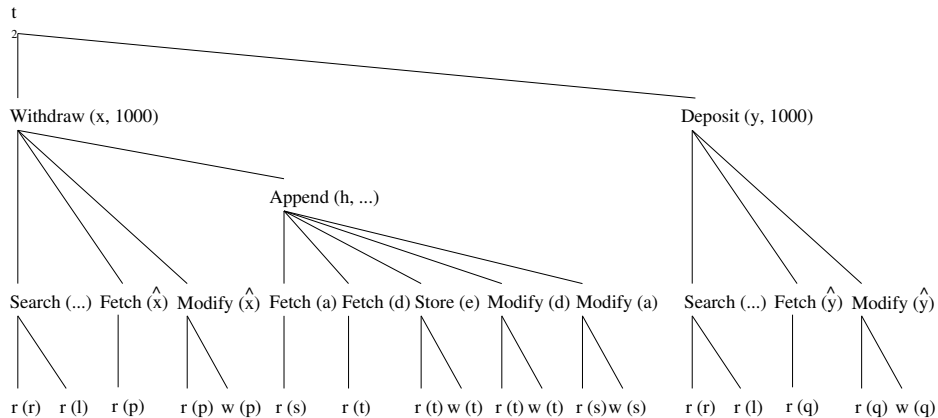
Derived inner-node ordering: $a < b$ if

all leaf-node descendants of a precede all leaf-node descendants of b

Example: DBS Internal Layers



Example: Business Objects



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Roadmap

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- 5 Multiversion CC
- 6 Notions of Correctness OM
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- 10 Impl. & Pragmatic Issues

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Lessons Learned

“Nothing is as practical as a good theory.” (Albert Einstein)